



Northeim Nov. 2005

# DWG8 Planetary Interior and Composition

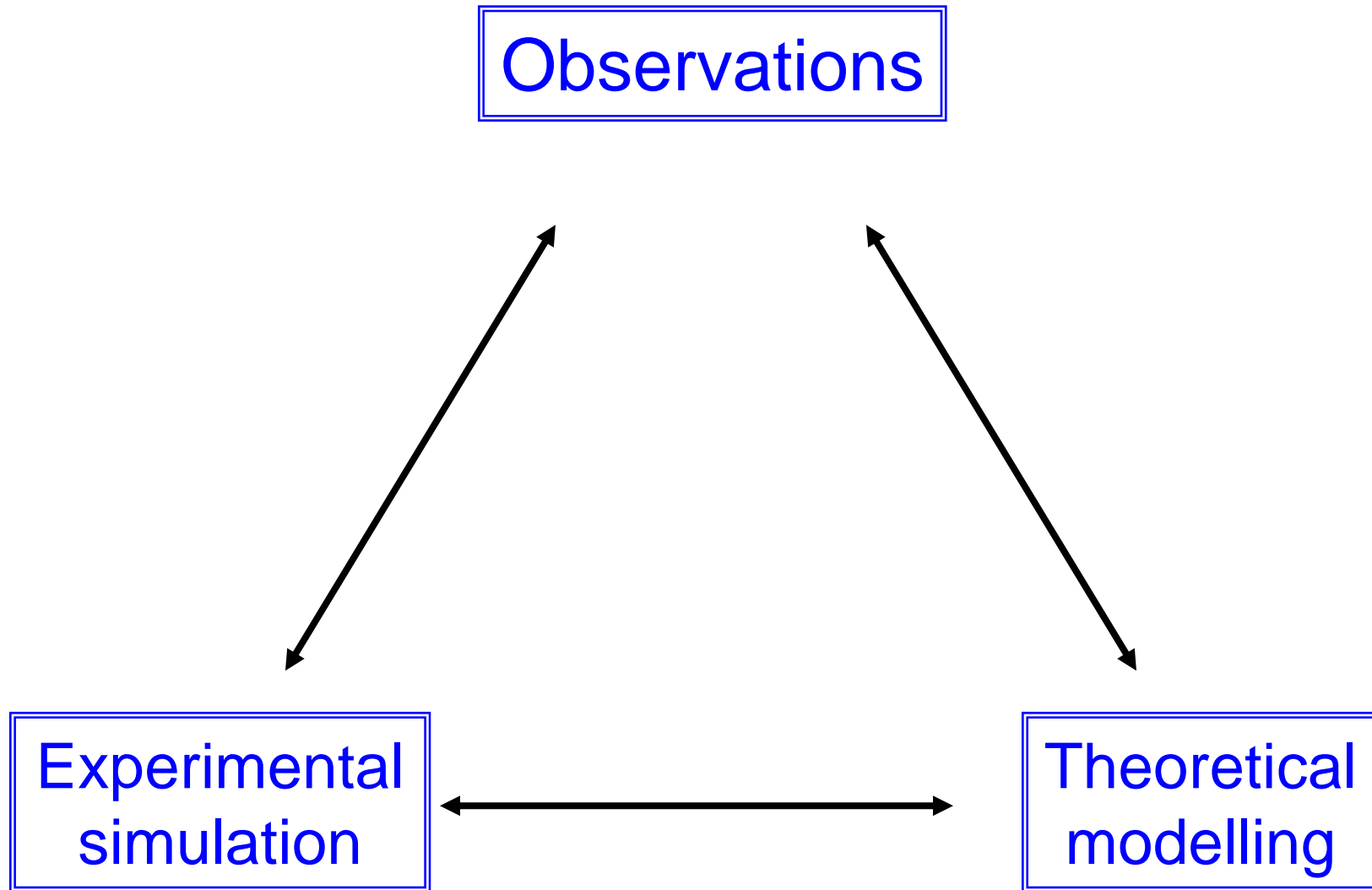
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# DWG8 Planetary Interior and Composition

## Science cases

- Large scale compositional gradients
- Planetary volcanism and tectonics
- Internally produced magnetism

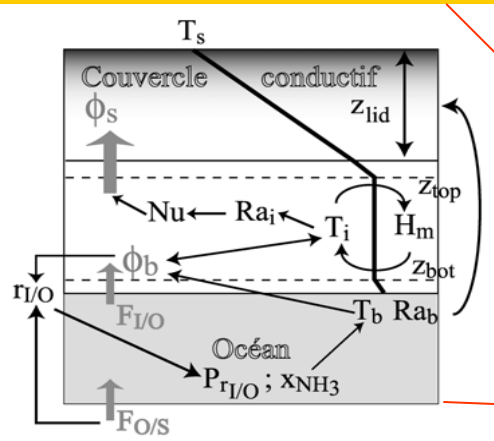
# General approach



# Understanding the deep interior of planets requires a complementary approach

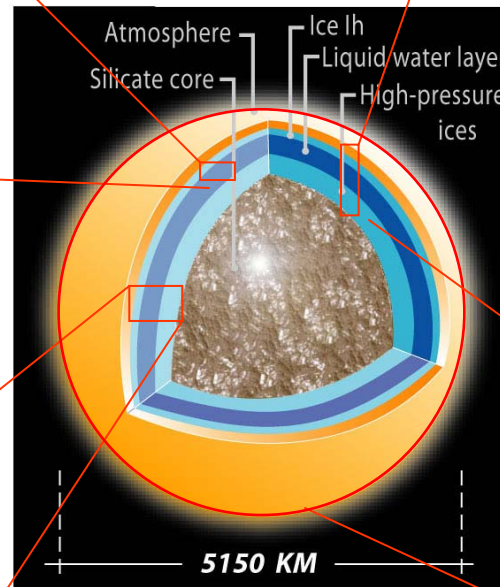
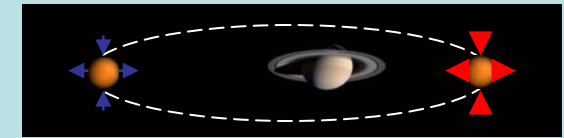
## Numerical modelling

(heat transfer, volcanism/tectonic, chemical exchanges)



## In-situ measurements

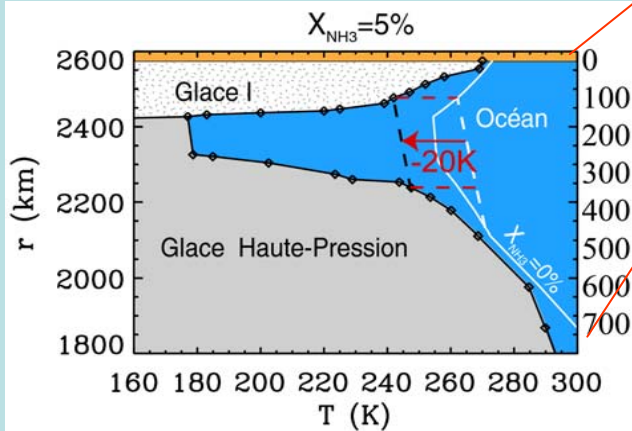
- Magnetic fields (DWG 2)
- Orbital constraints
- Sample return (DWG 3,4,6,7,8)
- DIRECT measurements (radar for icy bodies, Surface heat flux, seismometers, ...)



The example of Titan

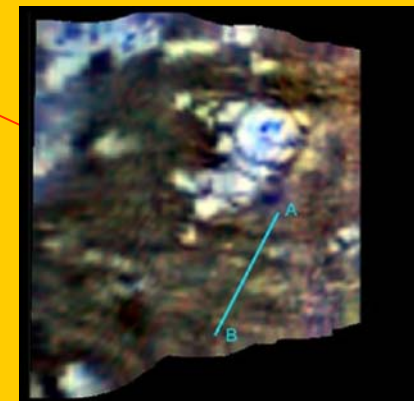
## Experiments

(phase diagrams, geochemistry, rheology, ...)



## Surface studies

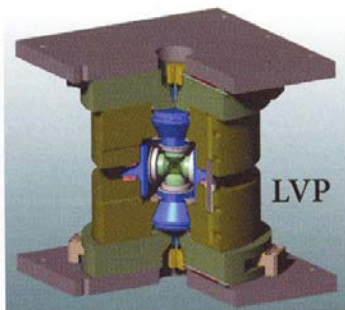
(DWG3+5 – N3)  
(mineralogy, tectonics, volcanism, ...)



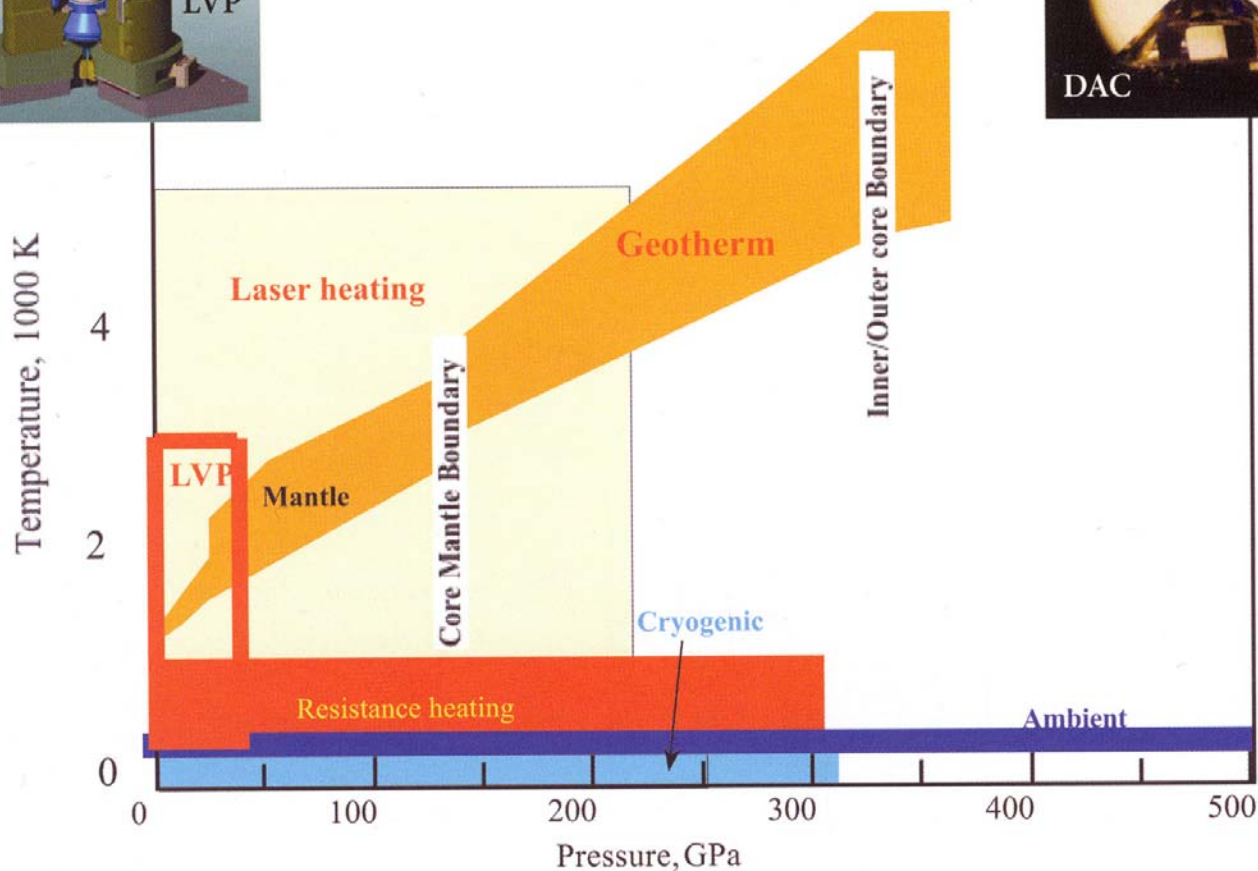
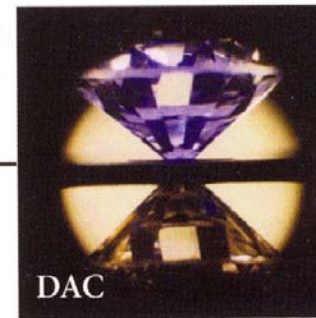
# Limitations

## Experimental simulation: Technological limits

(attain and maintain experimental conditions)



A geotherm together with accessible  $P$ - $T$  ranges by static techniques



But regular progress...

# Limitations

Relevance of numerical models limited by experimental data on appropriate materials (have to identify the priorities)

More serious problem is lack of direct characterisation of the **internal structure**...

Progress will only come from efficient interaction of experiment/simulation/observation

**AND direct knowledge of the deep interior**

(as is the case for understanding how the Earth works)

# Science case 1) Compositional gradients in the solar system

Questions	Requirements and suggestions	Target	Interactions
Are there systematic gradients of Fe/Si; volatile/refractory; (ice)/silicate/metal; oxidation states: at the scale of the solar system ? at the scale of Jovian moons ?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Sample return</li> <li>•Internal structure: crust(icy or silicate)/mantle (solid or liquid) / core: seismology; radar; geodesy</li> <li>•Comparison with meteorites</li> <li>•Process of core formation</li> </ul>	Mercury Mars Asteroids Europa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> <li>•DWG4+9</li> </ul>
•If there are large scale compositional gradients, what does that tell us about formation mechanisms?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Models of solar system formation</li> </ul>		
•How do surface rocks compare in composition to the (deep) interior? (Vertical compositional gradients)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Surface mineralogy and composition</li> <li>•Models of differentiation and large scale movement.</li> </ul>	Mars Moon Titan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> <li>•DWG4+9</li> </ul>
•What is the role of surface alteration? (composition of the atmosphere, volatiles etc...)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Surface mineralogy and composition (Remote sensing and in-situ measurements)</li> <li>•Effect of atmosphere on signal and mechanisms</li> </ul>	Mars Moon Titan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> <li>•DWG4+9</li> </ul>
•Role of distribution of dust through global "weather systems".	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Circulation models and observations</li> </ul>	Mars	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG1</li> <li>•DWG3+5</li> </ul>
•Giant planets - Is there a silicate (rocky) core? If so, how big?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Equations of state at very high pressure (ab-initio calculations and shock experiments)</li> <li>•Seismology</li> </ul>	Jupiter Exoplanets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG6+7</li> <li>•DWG2</li> </ul>

## Science case 2) Planetary volcanism and tectonics

Questions	Requirements and suggestions	Target	Interactions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Why is there plate tectonics on Earth, but not other planets?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Phase relations and partial melting reactions (P, T, composition) with particular accent on cryovolcanism</li> <li>•Determine nature of heat sources (internal radioactive decay/tidal) and quantify rate of heat loss.</li> <li>•Quantify role and dynamics of solid (and maybe liquid) state convection.</li> </ul>	Venus Mars	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•How can we explain the spatial and temporal evolution of volcanism?</li> </ul>		Io Mars Moon Titan	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•What are the implications for the chemical differentiation of the planetary system (mantle - crust -atmosphere)?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Geochemical constraints (including meteorite collections)</li> <li>•Numerical modelling</li> </ul>	Mars Moon Titan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> <li>•DWG4+9</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Resurfacing of planetary surfaces through volcanism</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Surface mineralogy, composition, craters, ....</li> <li>•Internal structure (seismometers...)</li> <li>•Direct evidence for deep liquid layers on icy planets</li> </ul>	Europa Io Venus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Link to tectonic features observed at the surface</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Morphology of surface volcanoes</li> <li>•Experimental constraints on rheological properties</li> </ul>	Mars Titan Venus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•DWG3+5</li> <li>•DWG6+7</li> </ul>



# Science case 3) Planetary magnetism

Questions	Requirements and suggestions	Target	Interactions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Why do some planets have an external magnetic field and others not?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Composition of the bulk core (if incongruent crystallisation is important)</li> <li>• Seismic data, Geodetic data (such as tidal forcing, )</li> </ul>	Mars Moon Titan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DWG2</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Why are there differences in the properties of the magnetic field? (Mercury only weak; Saturn axi-symmetric; Mars ancient then none....)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Better characterisation of magnetic fields, distinguishing from internal from external sources of magnetic field).</li> <li>• Experimental constraints on dynamo</li> </ul>	Mercury Saturn Mars Ganymede	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DWG2</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Is it an essential condition to have a solid inner core? (driving compositional convection, rather than thermal convection)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Numerical simulations</li> </ul>	Solar system planets Exoplanets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DWG2</li> <li>• DWG6+7</li> </ul>