

































Emissivity from a 3D coronal model
From the MHD model: – density ρ (fully ionized) $\rightarrow n_{e}$ – temperature $\rightarrow T$ } $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{at each} \\ \text{grid point and time} \end{array} \right\}$
Emissivity at each grid point and time step:
$\varepsilon(\mathbf{x},t) = h \nu n_2 A_{21} = n_e^2 G(T,n_e) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{W}{m^3} \end{bmatrix}$ $G(T,n_e) = h \nu A_{21} \frac{n_2}{n_e n_{ion}} \frac{n_{ion}}{n_{el}} \frac{n_{el}}{n_H} \frac{n_H}{n_e}$ $\int total ionization \approx 0.8$ $abundance = const.$ $ionization$ $excitation$ $\varepsilon(T)$
Assumptions: – equilibrium excitation and ionisation (not too bad) – photospheric abundances
USE CHIAN I I ATOMIC DATA DASE TO EVALUATE LATIOS (Dere et al. 1997)
$\rightarrow G$ depends mainly on T (and weakly on $n_{\rm e}$)



























